





# Anisotropic explicit simulation, considering manufacturing effects and nonlinearity

For short fiber reinforced composites, SABIC uses Digimat to define nonlinear strain rate dependent material model for accurate prediction of part performance under impact loads.



### Challenge

SABIC is a global leader in diversified chemicals headquartered in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. It manufactures on a global scale in the Americas, Europe, Middle East and Asia Pacific, making distinctly different kinds of products: chemicals, commodity and high-performance plastics, agri-nutrients and metals. SABIC's Specialties business produces highly differentiated products which include specialty engineering thermoplastic resins and compounds, composites, thermosets & additives, and additive manufacturing solutions. Offering a distinct set of multi-function physical properties to serve a wide range of industries, the branded portfolio includes ULTEM™ resins, LNP™ compounds, NORYL<sup>™</sup> resins, LEXAN<sup>™</sup> copolymers and EXTEM™ resins.

SABIC's Global Application Technology Centers leverage their product engineers and material processing expertise to support customers with specific requests for design, application development and testing to help bring their innovative products to market sooner. The materials data team uses cutting edge material characterization labs, predictive engineering capabilities and part level testing to validate material data which can be used for designing applications.

The lack of validated data can create an increased risk of sub-optimal part performance. Through the use of validated data and advanced simulation tools, it is possible to achieve a significant increase in the accuracy of the performance prediction.

For this case, the team worked on providing data reflecting the high-fidelity properties of a certain anisotropic material used in healthcare applications - a LEXAN™ copolymer with 30 percent high-modulus carbon fiber and silicone. This is important since even though the usage of fiber-reinforced materials is common in healthcare, usage of detailed anisotropic data is not common in the industry.

The team decided to build a use case by conducting a set of experiments on a surgical tray made with a filled thermoplastic grade. To provide accurate performance predictions related to impact loads, for a part made of short-fiber reinforced composites, manufacturing effects such as fiber orientations had to be considered.



Figure 1: Impact load test simulates accidental dropping of a surgical tray

## Solution

There are two commonly followed classical approaches for material modeling in the industry, neither of which accounts for flow-induced anisotropy. In the first approach, a multi-point material curve is established from an injection-molded specimen in the primary fiber direction (0°). In the second approach, material curves are established from specimens cut from an injection molded plaque in three directions (0°, 45° & 90°) and subsequently, a quasi-isotropic material model is derived from employing a classical laminate theory. These approaches underestimate the peak force and energy absorption of the designed parts and can lead to under-designing the parts.

#### Key Highlights

Product: Digimat

Industry: Chemical, Healthcare

Challenge: Accurate prediction of part performance in response to impact loads for short fiber reinforced composites

Solution: High-fidelity anisotropic simulation, considering manufacturing effects and non-linear material behavior

To mitigate these inaccuracies, the team decided to use Digimat, a nonlinear multi-scale material and structural modeling platform, that lets engineers perform both micro- and macro-scale analyses of composites. With Digimat, the team delivered high-fidelity anisotropic simulations by considering manufacturing effects and non-linear material behavior.



Figure 2: Workflow for developing material card for coupled FE analysis

The SABIC team worked collaboratively with the MSC Software team to create a validated Digimat material card.

#### Results

The Material data team demonstrated a significant increase in the accuracy of the stiffness and strength prediction through anisotropic simulation using the Digimat tool. Consequently, this helps ensure greater customer confidence in the material. Accurate results from simulation are achieved using anisotropic material data, flow-induced fiber orientation and localized material properties from Digimat. With an anisotropic modelling approach, the peak force as well as energy absorption, are predicted with an error margin of within ten percent. In contrast, the deviation for the commonly used methods ranged from 48%-18% for peak force and  $\sim$ 70% for energy absorption.

Modeling Approach	Peak Force before Damage Initiation (N)	% Difference from Experiment	Energy absorbed at Damage Initiation (J)	% Difference from Experiment
Experiment				
	2558		8.713	
Isotropic 0°	2101	18%	2.605	70%
Quasi-Isotropic				
	1404	45%	2.551	71%
Anisotropic	2340	9%	8.081	7%

Figure 3: Better part stiffness and strength prediction (± 10%) using anisotropic modeling approach



Figure 4: Predictions using Digimat and comparing with other approaches





Failure pattern - simulation







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Our technologies are shaping urban and production ecosystems to become increasingly connected and autonomous – ensuring a scalable, sustainable future.

MSC Software, part of Hexagon's Manufacturing Intelligence division, is one of the ten original software companies and a global leader in helping product manufacturers to advance their engineering methods with simulation software and services. Learn more at mscsoftware.com. Hexagon's Manufacturing Intelligence division provides solutions that utilise data from design and engineering, production and metrology to make manufacturing smarter.

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